### SCRUTINY BOARD (ADULT SOCIAL SERVICES, PUBLIC HEALTH, NHS)

#### DELIVERINGTHE BETTER LIVES STRATEGY IN LEEDS: PROPOSED NEXT STEPS

## **RESPONSE TO THE PROPOSED CLOSURE OF THE GREEN**

#### Introduction

1. Following a viability review in July 2015, that concluded no other formal service reconfiguration could deliver the projected savings of £2.186M, The Green formed part of the proposed 'next steps' in delivering the Council's Better Lives Strategy presented and considered by the Executive Board in September 2015. Part of the Executive Board's decision at that meeting was:

'To begin consultation on the recommended proposals to decommission the three remaining care homes (Middlecross, Siegen Manor and The Green) and associated day centres...'

- 2. Following Executive Board approval, a 12-week period of consultation took place from 1st October to 23rd December 2015 with service users and their families and carers as well as staff working at The Green Care Home.
- 3. In January 2016, the Scrutiny Board (Adult Social Services, Public Health, NHS) received a petition/ request for scrutiny to '...stop the closure of The Green Home for Older People'.
- 4. The request for scrutiny was formally considered by the Scrutiny Board at its meeting on 27 January 2016, where the Scrutiny Board agreed to consider the issues raised and examine the matter in more detail, through a working group of the Scrutiny Board.
- To help facilitate the attendance of the lead petitioner, a working group meeting was held on 16 March 2016. A summary note from that meeting is attached at Appendix 1, which also includes details of all those in attendance at that meeting (Annex A).
- 6. As set out in Appendix 1, a number of supplementary questions (Annex B) were subsequently submitted to the Adult Social Services for clarification and additional information. The response received from Adult Social Services is presented at Appendix 2.
- 7. This response reflects and is based upon the:
  - Representations made at the working group;
  - Information presented to the working group; and,
  - Information made available in response to supplementary questions following the working group meeting.
- 8. The Scrutiny Board is very grateful to all those that have contributed and provided information for this aspect of the Board's work: The Board is particularly grateful to the members of the public that shared their personal experiences of the care and facilities available to members of their family at The Green.

## Main issues and comments from the Scrutiny Board

- 9. At the working group meeting in March 2016, members heard some very personal experiences from those with family members currently residing at The Green: The experiences described a caring environment, where family members felt safe and happy. In often difficult situations, the working group also heard that the caring nature of the workforce also offered a high degree of reassurance to families that they were 'doing the right thing' for their loved ones.
- 10. The financial context facing Adult Social Services was discussed and reiterated at the working group meeting. The Scrutiny Board is aware and recognises the unprecedented financial climate in which the Council and Adult Social Services continue to operate, and the significant financial pressures this brings. As it appears there are 'no good solutions' the financial position of Leeds' health and social care sector is likely to form the basis of inquiry for the Scrutiny Board in the new municipal year (2016/17). This will require significant input from Adult Social Services, Public Health and a range of health partners.
- 11. In considering all the evidence, the working group was very conscious of balancing the financial costs to the Council with the potential personal costs and upheaval for existing residents and their families.
- 12. As set out in the notes at Appendix 1, the working group established some important matters that should be taken into account when considering the future of The Green, including:
  - Somewhat contrary to the information presented, The Green is currently providing a service to a relatively local community when considering neighbouring wards with around 19 from the current 27 residents (approx. 70%) being relatively local to The Green.
  - The Green is considered by others as 'an asset' to the Council and Adult Social Services is proud of the quality of care provided by the dedicated workforce.
  - While it was generally acknowledged the physical condition of the building may be in need of refurbishment, there was a difference of opinion around the 'relative priority' when compared to the quality of care provided.
  - The relative quality of care available in nearby<sup>1</sup> private sector establishments was variable, with a large proportion rated by the Care Quality Commission as 'Requires Improvement'.
  - The issue at the heart of any decision appeared to be a value judgement that would balance the quality of care against the cost.
- 13. Furthermore, a range of additional important information was collated after the meeting and is set out in Appendix 2. This included:
  - Confirmation of the status of the Council's remaining care homes currently operated by Adult Social Services.
  - The financial implications for residential care costs associated with the implementation of a 'national living wage'.
  - Clarification of the projected 'capital investment' costs and implications.

## <u>Quality</u>

14. As previously mentioned, the working group considered the relative quality of care available in nearby private sector establishments to be variable; with a large

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Within a 5 mile radius of The Green Care Home

proportion rated by the Care Quality Commission (CQC) as 'Requires Improvement'. Based on the information provided, of the 15 independent sector care homes (without Nursing Care), 5 had not yet been rated by the CQC. Of the remaining 10, 80% were identified as 'requires improvement'.

- 15. Of the 17 independent sector care homes (with Nursing Care), 3 had not yet been rated by the CQC. 10 of the remaining 14 (71%) were identified as 'requires improvement'
- 16. Notwithstanding any consideration that there is no impact assessment on the nature of some of the areas for improvement, the level of 'requires improvement' supports the view that quality in the independent sector is currently variable.

#### <u>Costs</u>

- 17. It should also be noted that further discussions between the Chair of the Scrutiny Board and the Director of Adult Social Services confirmed that any capital expenditure would be better spent in delivering a new build facility rather than a refurbishment of the current facilities. While the capital costs would be in excess of those presented to the working group and provided in the supplementary information, it is understood that access to such capital and servicing of any loans would not be prohibitive as part of an alternative solution. As such, the central financial issue remains the revenue costs associated with delivering care under the current arrangements, compared to the costs associated with care delivered through the private sector. Balancing the cost differential against the quality of care remains a pivotal consideration.
- 18. However, as outlined in the additional information details at Appendix 2, the cost differential between private sector and direct council service provision diminishes as a result of the national living wage. Based on the target maximum occupancy of 95%, the estimated difference between direct service costs and the 2016/17 framework fees would be £62, 000. This represents a £52,000 reduction from the estimated £115, 000 based on the 2016/16 framework fees.
- 19. Clearly, the above estimates assume a 95% occupancy rate and do not include any directorate and corporate supports costs. Nonetheless, the Executive Board will need to consider whether the reduced cost differential provides overall value for money when considering the variable quality landscape across the private sector.
- 20. It is perhaps also worth recognising that while direct service costs are often presented without and directorate and corporate support costs, the same could also be said for private sector providers i.e. the procurement / commissioning costs and the quality / contract compliance functions associated with private sector provision. Moving towards a model of solely private sector provision, the Executive Board will need to assure itself that any such indirect costs associated with private sector provision have been taken into account including any potential future increases in cost.

#### **Direct service provision**

21. Leeds has a history of being a compassionate city, with the Council having a strong public sector ethos and the delivery of direct services. Based on the discussions at the working group, there was a sense that members of the public believe the Council should remain proud of the services Adult Social Services provides for the people of Leeds. However, based on the additional information provided by the working group, it is clear that the Council is edging towards becoming solely reliant on the independent sector for the provision of residential care in Leeds.

- Of the 10 homes currently being operated by Adult Social Services, decisions to close four (4) have been made in principle; three (3) have recently been subject to consultation with a proposal to close; and the type of provision at the remaining three (3) likely to change significantly.
- 23. Once finally committed to a path of no direct service provision, it is difficult to see how the Council would ever be in a position to re-mobilise services in the future. As such, it is important to be satisfied that this is a path the Council is content to take and remains in the best interests of the City and its residents.

#### Other considerations

- 24. Part of the concern of the working group centred around the long-term impact on the Council should a decision be made to withdraw from any direct service provision. For example:
  - Would the Council have a weakened position in terms of future fee negotiations with the private sector?
  - How would the Council manage an emergency transfers in care should the need arise either as a result of a provider withdrawing from the sector voluntarily or as a result of any external intervention i.e. as a consequence of a Care Quality Commission inspection?
- 25. The Scrutiny Board believes these to be important considerations for the Executive Board to consider in its future deliberations and is supported by additional information that has become available.
- 26. It is understood that in March 2016, the Department of Health wrote to all local authority chief executives in England, reminding them of councils' responsibilities under the Care Act 2014 and the accompanying statutory guidance to assist councils in delivering their legal obligations. While the precise content of the letter has not been considered, it is understood that the letter was also copied to the Executive Board Member with responsibility for Adult Social Care.
- 27. In April 2016, the Social Care Provider Task Force made further contact with the Council to ensure the Department of Health's message remains at the forefront of the thinking of local authority officers and elected members in discharging the Council's responsibilities around Adult Social Care for the people of Leeds and their families.
- 28. The Social Care Provider Task Force recognises that social care in England faces extraordinary challenges with already serious demographic pressures likely to increase in the coming years. Such pressures will undoubtedly impact on Leeds as a City and as a Council in similar ways to other parts of the country. However, the Social Care Provider Task Force also expressed concern that some people who use residential and home-based support may not be receiving the type or quality of care they need or deserve. The Scrutiny Board shares similar concerns and believes the overall number of Leeds based social care providers that have been identified as 'Requires Improvement' or 'Inadequate'<sup>2</sup> would support those concerns.
- 29. However, the Scrutiny Board is also mindful of other comments made by the Social Care Provider Task Force particularly around the statutory guidance to ensure councils enable social care providers to deliver high quality care, delivered by well

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Identified through the Care Quality Commission inspection and reporting processes.

trained, supported and properly remunerated staff – quoting the following extracts from the Care Act:

**4.28.** People working in the care sector play a central role in providing high quality services. Local authorities must consider how to help foster, enhance and appropriately incentivise this vital workforce to underpin effective, high quality services.

**4.31.** When commissioning services, local authorities should assure themselves and have evidence that contract terms, conditions and fee levels for care and support services are appropriate to provide the delivery of the agreed care packages with agreed quality of care. This should support and promote the well-being of people who receive care and support, and allow for the service provider ability to meet statutory obligations to pay at least the national minimum wage and provide effective training and development of staff. It should also allow retention of staff commensurate with delivering services to the agreed quality, and encourage innovation and improvement. Local authorities should have regard to guidance on minimum fee levels necessary to provide this assurance, taking account of the local economic environment.

**4.35.** Local authorities should consider the impact of their own activities on the market as a whole, in particular the potential impact of their commissioning and re-commissioning decisions, and how services are packaged or combined for tendering, and where they may also be a supplier of care and support. The local authority may be the most significant purchaser of care and support in an area, and therefore its approach to commissioning will have an impact beyond those services which it contracts. Local authorities must not undertake any actions which may threaten the sustainability of the market as a whole, that is the pool of providers able to deliver services of an appropriate quality – for example, by setting fee levels below an amount which is not sustainable for providers in the long-term.

- 30. While the Care Act is designed to ensure person-centred care, delivered through a robust and sustainable social care sector, it seems reasonable to consider that this will inevitably come at a financial cost sometime in the future. This might significantly impact on the financial analysis previously presented and considered by the Executive Board.
- 31. While the Scrutiny Board accepts it may be difficult to accurately predict future costs across the private sector, there are some developments such as the Care Act and the National Living Wage where the future financial impacts are perhaps easier to predict. As such, in considering any financial analysis around revenue costs, the Scrutiny Board would urge the Executive Board to satisfy itself that all reasonable assumptions have been taken into account and that the Council will not be exposed to unmitigated risks should there be no future public sector provision of residential care for older people in Leeds.

#### **Conclusion**

- 32. The Scrutiny Board recognises the significance and difficulties associated with the decision under consideration. The Scrutiny Board also recognises the significance of the decision under consideration applies equally to all stakeholders.
- 33. To help draw some conclusions, the Scrutiny Board has considered and tried to balance a range of information to help inform any future decision. To this end, the Scrutiny Board wishes to highlight the following points:

- The Scrutiny Board was very impressed by the petitioners who want to keep the home open, and the arguments put forward. A petition consisting of more than 3800 names should be carefully considered.
- The Scrutiny Board has 'busted' some of the myths which have surrounded the consultation, including:
  - The Green serves a local population and caters for local residents;
  - $\circ$   $\,$  The Green has a clear local focus and could take more residents;
  - $\circ~$  Families and residents are happy and feel safe at the home.
  - $\circ~$  Care is good; it has been judged so independently by the CQC.
- Care in Local Authority homes in Leeds is statistically better than care delivered by the independent sector. This is particularly stark in the case of The Green when considering alternative care nearby<sup>3</sup>.
- Despite the physical accommodation at The Green not being equivalent to modern standards, i.e. no en-suite facilities; residents and their families clearly prefer to have it stay open than close.
- Essentially, the value judgement comes down to a balance between the affordability of revenue funding versus good care: All other factors are not significantly influential.
- 34. The Scrutiny Board recognises the financial plight of the Council and Adult Social Services. However, the significant balance appears to be a value judgement between the financial costs to the Council with the potential personal costs and upheaval for existing residents and their families.
- 35. It is clear to the Scrutiny Board that everyone working and living at The Green do not believe the home is at its natural end of making a positive and useful contribution to care in the city. This view is also supported by families of residents. Based on the information considered and the current landscape of service quality in Leeds, the Scrutiny Board would ask decision makers to carefully consider whether or not it is indeed the right time to make such a final decision or whether further consideration could be reviewed after an appropriate period of time.

## Recommendation

That any decision regarding the long-term future of The Green be deferred for a minimum of 2 years, in order to:

- a) Re-consider the comparative costs of provision as the impact of a national living wage takes effect, alongside the requirements of the Care Act 2014.
- b) Assess the occupancy levels achieved through positive promotion of The Green to local residents and beyond.
- c) Re-evaluate the direction of travel and quality of alternative nearby provision in the independent sector.

Cllr Peter Gruen, Chair On behalf of the Scrutiny Board (Adult Social Services, Public Health, NHS) April 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Within a 5 mile radius of The Green Care Home

## Scrutiny Board (Adult Social Services, Public Health, NHS) The Green – Working Group Meeting

# Committee Room 6/7, Leeds Civic Hall

## 16 March 2016

## NOTES OF THE MEETING

The Chair opened the meeting and thanked everyone for attending. Introductions were given and apologies were noted – as presented at Annex A.

The following written information had been made available to those attending the meeting:

- A summary of petition submitted in support of the Request for Scrutiny
- A report for the working group, prepared by the Director of Adult Social Services (dated 16 February 2016).
- Letter from Richard Burgon MP (dated 15 March 2016)

The Chair outlined the purpose of the meeting was for members of the Scrutiny Board to receive and consider the:

- Concerns of petitioners;
- Report submitted by the Director of Adult Social Services;
- Contributions from other stakeholders, including the Executive Board Member, local Ward Members and Richard Burgon MP.

In order to form an overall view and basis for a response to the proposals, the Chair advised that members of the Scrutiny Board would then privately consider all the information provided and discussed at the meeting.

## Petitioners

The petitioners and those with relatives currently residing at The Green were invited to address the meeting.

Those present provided some very detailed and emotional descriptions of their personal experience of The Green and finding the 'right place' for their loved ones to be cared for. Some of the overall and general issues highlighted and discussed included:

- The purpose of the petition was to try to give those with relatives at The Green with a voice.
- The request for the Council to re-think its proposal to close The Green.
- The care provided at The Green was considered to be 'excellent' and it should be considered to be a 'flagship' that the Council should be very proud of.
- Prior to choosing The Green for relatives, some of those present had viewed many care homes- some good, some excellent and some poor. It was felt The Green fell into the excellent category.
- There was significant concern regarding the potential detrimental effect for relatives and other residents having to move homes as a result of any closure.
- Relatives were mindful of some of the 'horror stories' surrounding some private sector providers and it was felt that only having private sector homes available was limiting choice.

## Executive Board member

The Chair invited Cllr Lisa Mulherin for some initial comments and observation. Cllr Mulherin addressed the meeting and made the following main points:

- Thanks to the petitioners for engaging in the consultation process and for sharing their views and perspectives of the care provided at The Green
- It was important to recognise that no decision had yet been made regarding the future of The Green or other care homes that formed part of the Council's consultation.
- All comments received as part of the consultation would be reviewed and would ultimately inform any future decision.
- The Council, and in particular in the area of Adult Social Care, had a good track record of actively listening and acting on feedback from public consultations.

## Director

The Chair invited the Director to address the meeting and highlight any specific matter from the report prepared for the working group. The main issues highlight and discussed included:

- An understanding of the points and issues raised by the petitioners and those with relatives receiving care at The Green.
- The Department and the Council was very proud of The Green and the standard of care provided and comparing experiences from elsewhere, Leeds was a very compassionate City.
- The Council and the Department were facing an unprecedented financial situation, with the Department needing to make £15M savings in 2016/17: Therefore affordability and the financial situation were the main drivers for the proposals presented for consultation.
- Notwithstanding the quality of care provided at The Green, the building was in need of repair and the low occupancy levels (of around 67%) had a significant impact on the running costs.
- Currently, there was an estimated 1000 over-supply of residential care places across the City, whereas there was a greater demand for nursing care. Legislation prevents the Department directly providing nursing care.
- The consultation closed at the end of December 2015, and the responses were currently being processed and analysed. It was intended to present a further report to the Council's Executive Board for a decision in June 2016.

## Initial discussion

Following the Director's comments, a number of points of clarification were sought and discussed, including:

- The quality of care at alternative providers and the variability in the close vicinity to The Green.
- Details around the consultation outcomes.
- The pressure caused by a rise in cases of increasingly complex dementia and the impact on delayed discharges. The associated decision of CCGs to decommissioning 5 beds at The Green and seek alternative types of provision/ care.
- The outcomes of the Francis report and subsequent shortages across Nursing Care outside of hospital settings.

- Decisions by medics around discharges and the appreciation of the level and type of care available in some residential care settings compared to nursing care.
- Value for money and the potential 'good and bad' reasons for lower costs.
- The Council's quality and cost framework arrangements with the private sector.
- Current occupancy level at The Green: 27 from 32 available beds (84%), compared to 67% historically.
- The proximity of residents and their families to The Green.
- The budget envelop and differential costs between local authority provision and private sector provision.
- Contract and quality standards monitoring arrangements within the Department.
- The processes and available support for residents in the event of any future closure and the Department's previous experience and 'good track record' in this regard.

#### Ward member

Following the initial discussion, Cllr Catherine Dobson – ward member for Killingbeck and Seacroft – was invited to address the meeting and highlight any other specific matters for the working group to consider. The following points were made:

- Fully supported the petitioners attending the meeting, along with other residents from The Green, family members and staff.
- There appeared to be a balance to be drawn between the standard of care provided at The Green and the condition of the building and the facilities available.

#### **Further discussion**

The Chair addressed the meeting and sought to identify a number of points where there was a common understand and agreement, including:

- The Green providing a service to a relatively local community: taking a slightly broader view and considering neighbouring wards, around 19 from the current 27 residents (approx. 70%) were relatively local to The Green.
- Of the 3800 members of the public that had signed the petition, it appeared reasonable to consider that many were local residents and had some connection with The Green.
- The consultation process appeared to be fair with good opportunities to express views. Although there was a degree of shock from residents and their families around the proposal to close The Green.
- It was agreed that The Green provides 'good' care: no concerns from a local authority perspective; no concerns from relatives / families; no contrary evidence from the Care Quality Commission.
- The balance of the argument primarily seemed to be between the weighting apportioned to the cost of provision and the quality of care provided.
- Members also wished to consider the potential impact of moving on the current 27 residents and their families and it was disturbing to consider that some might suffer distress during that process, through any loss of friendship groups and relationships with key workers and other members of staff.

#### Further comments from the Executive Board member

- The workforce at The Green was considered an asset to the Council and there had been no adverse effects on the standard of care, following the announced proposals.
- The implementation of a National Living Wage would need to be factored into the analysis and assessment of the available options.
- Reiterated the huge cost pressures facing the Council and the Department.
- Other savings with the Department would need to be found if The Green was to remain open.
- Confirmation that there were no 'good' options.
- Reiterated previous comments around listening to feedback on the proposals and welcoming the comments from the Scrutiny Board prior to any decision.

### Further comments from other members of the working group

- Concerns about the mixed picture of quality in nearby facilities and that the discussion at the working group painted 'too rosy' a picture in this regard. To illustrate, reference was made to Tables 2 and 3 in the report to the working group.
- The impact of the threat of closure had not appeared to adversely affect admissions and/or occupancy levels.

Concluding the discussion, the Chair thanked those in attendance for their contribution to the meeting and advised that the working group would give further consideration to the matters discussed in private.

### Deliberations of the working group

In discussing all the information presented and highlighted at the meeting, the following points were agreed:

- Agreement with the overall assessment of the financial pressures facing the Council and the Department.
- The quality of care at The Green did not appear to be in question.
- There was some concern about the physical state of the building described at the meeting: However most of the working group had not visited The Green recently.
- Careful consideration needed to be given around whether any potential closure would have a disproportionate impact on the care, security and well-being of current residents.
- The impact on residents' families was also a significant consideration.
- Closure should be considered as the 'last resort' option.
- A range of additional information would be helpful in drawing together any conclusions and recommendations. (*The additional information requested in summarised at Annex B*).
- A copy of the Executive Board report (September 2015) should be provided to members in attendance at the meeting.

The Chair thanked members for their attendance and contributions to the discussion and a draft report setting out the comments and observation would be produced as soon as possible.

The meeting was closed.

APPENDIX 1

#### ANNEX A

#### DETAILS OF ATTENDANCE AND APOLOGIES

#### ATTENDANCE

#### Members of the Scrutiny Board

Cllr Billy Flynn Cllr Peter Gruen (Chair) Cllr Ghulam Hussain Cllr Christine Macniven Cllr Shirley Varley Dr J Beal - Healthwatch Leeds (Co-opted member)

#### **Other Members**

Cllr Lisa Mulherin – Executive Board Member for Health, Wellbeing and Adults Cllr Catherine Dobson – Ward Member (Killingbeck and Seacroft)

#### Petitioners

Laura Denbigh (lead petitioner) Jill Denbigh Lindsey Cannon Tony Cannon **Adult Social Care** Cath Roff – Director Anna Clifford – Programme Manager Mark Phillott – Head of Contracts and Business Development

#### Others

Steven Courtney – Principal Scrutiny Adviser

#### APOLOGIES

Apologies had been received from the following members of the Scrutiny Board:

Cllr Caroline Anderson Cllr Arif Hussain Cllr Sandy Lay Cllr Brian Selby Cllr Alice Smart Cllr Eileen Taylor

#### **REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

- (1) Are The Green, Siegen Manor and Middlecross the last remaining local authority run (in-house) care homes? If not, please provide an up-to-date list of Council facilities.
- (2) Does the implementation of a 'national living wage' impact on the financial assessment presented to Executive Board? If so, what are the specific implications in terms of cost comparisons?
- (3) Are there any specific implications of the implementation of a 'national living wage' for different business models in particular the Social Enterprise model?
- (4) Have the number of beds currently block purchased by Leeds CCGs (that will become available for more general use) been included in the financial calculations? If not, what are the potential implications for generating additional income and how does this affect the financial assessment?
- (5) Is there currently a waiting list for places at the Green? Are there any reasons why the relatives attending the working group meeting might understand there to be a waiting list?
- (6) Are there any en-suite facilities available at The Green? How many shared bathrooms are there at the home and what is the ratio of the total number of beds available / against the number of bathrooms for residents?
- (7) The 5-year capital costs for The Green (to meet legislative standards) is projected at over £500k: What are the legislative standards referred to? When was the last condition survey undertaken? To what extent has there been any consideration of a public / private partnership to help fund this work?

Delivering the Better Lives Strategy in Leeds Programme Briefing Note to CIIr Gruen Chair of the Adult Social Services, Public Health and NHS Scrutiny Board



#### 1. Background

- 1.1 On 6<sup>th</sup> April 2016, Steven Courtney (Principal Scrutiny Adviser for the Adult Social Services, Public Health and NHS Scrutiny Board) emailed Cath Roff (Director of Adult Social Services) following the Scrutiny Working Group Meeting that had taken place on 16<sup>th</sup> March 2016. Cath Roff, Anna Maria Clifford and Mark Phillott had been in attendance at the meeting representing the Directorate.
- 1.2 Within this email, Steven Courtney raised points of clarification identified post-meeting. Responses to these points were provided by Anna Maria Clifford via email on 14<sup>th</sup> April 2016.
- 1.3 Immediately following this email, Steven Courtney raised a number of follow up queries.
- 1.4 The queries raised in both Steven Courtney's emails (6<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> April 2016) are listed in the section below along with the Directorate's responses.
- 2. Points of clarification raised in emails received on 6<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> April 2016 and ASC responses
- 2.1 <u>Are The Green, Siegen Manor and Middlecross the last remaining local authority run (in-house) care homes? If not, please provide an up-to-date list of Council facilities. Can you provide details of whether these are general or more specialist residential care settings?</u>
- 2.1.1 The table below lists the 10 care homes currently being operated by Adult Social Care. The table indicates what type of care is provided and if there are any related Executive Board decisions:

	Establishment	Type of Care and	Executive Board Decision
		Current Status	
	Dolphin	General Needs	Decommission at a future date through
1	Manor		either the transfer of ownership to a
2011)		In operation – new	community interest company (subject to
		permanent	satisfactory business evaluation and due
qu		admissions permitted	diligence test) or on completion of new
September		•	build residential care facilities in Rothwell
epi	Knowle Manor	General Needs	When it is considered that suitable
-			alternative provision is available for
uo		In operation – new	Knowle Manor and Spring Gardens, the
is		permanent	Director of Adult Social Services, in
(Decision		admissions permitted	consultation with the Executive Member
9	Spring	General Needs	for Adult Social Care, will consider a
	Gardens		decision to cease permanent admissions
Phase		In operation – new	from an agreed date
hê		permanent	-
		admissions permitted	

	Establishment	Tupo of Core and	Executive Board Decision
	Establishment	Type of Care and	Executive Board Decision
		Current Status	
Phase 2 (Decision September 2013)	Home Lea House	General Needs In operation – new permanent admissions permitted	To consult on potential development in partnership with a community group / third sector organisation
	Manorfield House	General Needs In operation – no new permanent admissions permitted	<ul> <li>Remain open for existing, cease admissions and will close:</li> <li>when no longer required by existing residents</li> <li>if the health and wellbeing of the remaining residents cannot be maintained</li> <li>should alternative new residential care provision become available within the ward</li> </ul>
9	Richmond	Intermediate Care /	Local authority provision of city-wide
hase 2	House	Respite In operation	recovery / reablement / respite / intermediate care services
Ľ	Suffolk Court	General Needs / Intermediate Care In operation – no new permanent admissions permitted	Proposal to consider and as a potential site for specialist short stay integrated intermediate care unit with access to 24 hour nursing. No new permanent residents.
e	Middlecross	Specialist Dementia	No decision has been taken on the future
	Siegen Manor	oposiulior Domontiu	of these homes. Executive Board has
Phase	The Green	In operation	only given permission to consult on the
Ph	The Green	noperation	proposal to close these homes.

- 2.2 Does the implementation of a 'national living wage' impact on the financial assessment presented to Executive Board? If so, what are the specific implications in terms of cost comparisons?
- 2.2.1 The report that was presented to Scrutiny Working Group used the 2015/16 enhanced dementia fee (£478 p/w) as a comparison which did not include the implementation of the living wage. We have recently received the 2016/17 enhanced dementia fee (£507 p/w) which does include for the national living wage (6% increase).
- 2.2.2 The Table below shows what the proposed framework fees are from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016 to reflect the introduction of the National Living Wage. The enhanced residential dementia fee which has been used as a cross comparison is highlighted in red:

		2016/17 Framework Fees (per week) from 1st April 2016
	Core Fee	£468
Residential	Enhanced Fee	£486
Residential	Core Fee	£481
Dementia	Enhanced Fee	£507
	Core Fee	£502
Nursing	Enhanced Fee	£523
Nursing	Core Fee	£506
Dementia	Enhanced Fee	£528

- 2.2.3 Based on direct service costs only and using 2015/16 framework fees, we had estimated that we would make annual savings of £318k (based on actual occupancy) and £115k (based on target maximum occupancy 95%).
- 2.2.4 Based on **direct service costs only** and using 2016/17 framework fees, we now estimate that we would make annual savings of £278k (based on actual occupancy) and £62k (based on target maximum occupancy 95%).
- 2.2.5 As a result, it is projected that there will be a reduction of annual savings of £41k (based on actual occupancy) and £53k (on target maximum occupancy 95%).
- 2.2.6 The report also provided details of total costs to run The Green including directorate and corporate support costs.
- 2.2.7 Based on **total service costs** and using 2015/16 framework fees, we had estimated that we would make annual savings of £486k (based on actual occupancy) and £284k (based on target maximum occupancy 95%).
- 2.2.8 Based on **total service costs** and using 2016/17 framework fees, we now estimate that we would make annual savings of £446k (based on actual occupancy) and £231k (based on target maximum occupancy 95%).
- 2.2.9 As a result, it is also projected that there will be a reduction of annual savings of £41k (based on actual occupancy) and £53k (on target maximum occupancy 95%).

#### 2.3 <u>Are there any specific implications of the implementation of a 'national living wage' for</u> <u>different business models – in particular the Social Enterprise model?</u>

2.3.1 There are no variances to the Living Wage issue re Social enterprise. The Variance in Aspire costs as a Social Enterprise (the former Learning Disabilities in-house service) are long term – namely that as staff leave (who were on LCC protected terms and conditions) – they will be replaced by staff on lower T's and C's – this is a long term plan before you see savings, and for a relative small staff team – such as a care home – these are fairly insignificant. In addition, the Local authority does not set the rate per home per what

they pay staff – so the authority would be paying the same LCC framework rate as any other independent sector provider.

- 2.4 <u>Have the number of beds currently block purchased by Leeds CCGs (that will become</u> <u>available for more general use) been included in the financial calculations? If not, what</u> <u>are the potential implications for generating additional income and how does this affect</u> <u>the financial assessment?</u>
- 2.4.1 Yes, the 5 beds that were formerly purchased by Leeds CCGs have been included in the calculation. From 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016, the CCGs no longer block purchase these beds.
- 2.5 <u>Is there currently a waiting list for places at the Green? Are there any reasons why the</u> relatives attending the working group meeting might understand there to be a waiting list?
- 2.5.1 No, there is not a waiting list. We do not hold waiting lists. As at 15/0416, we have 30 permanent residents and one respite resident at The Green. As such 5 of the total 37 beds are unoccupied.
- 2.6 <u>Are there any en-suite facilities available at The Green?</u> How many shared bathrooms <u>are there at the home and what is the ratio of the total number of beds available / against</u> <u>the number of bathrooms for residents?</u>
- 2.6.1 There are no-ensuite bathrooms at The Green. There are 8 shared bathrooms which is a ratio of just under one bathroom to every five bedrooms.
- 2.7 <u>The 5-year capital costs for The Green (to meet legislative standards) is projected at over</u> <u>£500k: What are the legislative standards referred to? When was the last condition</u> <u>survey undertaken? To what extent has there been any consideration of a public / private</u> <u>partnership to help fund this work?</u>
- 2.7.1 The latest Survey and Condition report for The Green was commissioned by Adult Social Care and carried out by NPS in October 2012.
- 2.7.2 The Report states "To comply with current legislation and to bring the building and its facilities up to a good standard certain works need to be undertaken. The following recommendations are given together with their budget costing. All estimates are exclusive of professional fees and VAT. In summary the estimated cumulative total spend over the next five years is £522,635.00"
- 2.7.3 The Report states that in relation to the works required for mechanical and electrical plant and equipment, this is to ensure *"the building services comply with current Health and Safety and Office Accommodation Regulation"*. In addition, *"Health and safety glazing legislation, which is now retrospective, requires safety glazing to doors and windows"*.
- 2.7.4 In addition, the report also makes recommendations as to Provisions under Part M of the Building Regulations and the Equality Act 2010.
- 2.7.5 The report also makes comments and recommendations based on the requirements of Approved Document B (ADB) of the Building Regulations 2000 and the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RRFSO). *"The requirements of ADB are retrospective,*

therefore landlords, employers and occupiers of a building have responsibilities and obligations under the Health and Safety at Work Etc Act 1974, the Workplace Regulations 1992, Fire Precautions (Workplace) Regulations 1997 and Amendment 1999, amongst others, to have manage health and safety in the workplace. To assist in this, NPS have determined that ADB, being the current standard for existing and new buildings, shall be the performance indicator against which all buildings shall be measured".

- 2.7.6 Furthermore, the survey also provided budget costings to refurbish the property to meet the 2000 Care Quality Commission standards in the region of £1,433,373. *"However, the report stressed "that refurbishment to this standard will still not meet the requirements due to the small bedroom floor areas and corridor widths present in this building"*. The report also stated that the budget costings to refurbish the property to meet the High Dependency Dementia Standards would be in the region of £1,945,785 however, it was noted that *"to meet this standard major structural alteration will need to be carried out"*.
- 2.7.7 In terms of efforts to develop a public / private partnership to help fund this work, the survey makes it clear that any major works would require a reduction in the numbers of rooms. This then impacts on economies of scale in terms of a revenue return. Private Providers are investing in care homes that are larger, on average 50 70 beds and as such there has not been an approach by a private or public provider to refurbish the existing building.

ASC Programme Office Adult Social Care 15<sup>th</sup> April 2016